# The Road to RFP Excellence

#### **Procurement Month Training Event**



#### Some questions...

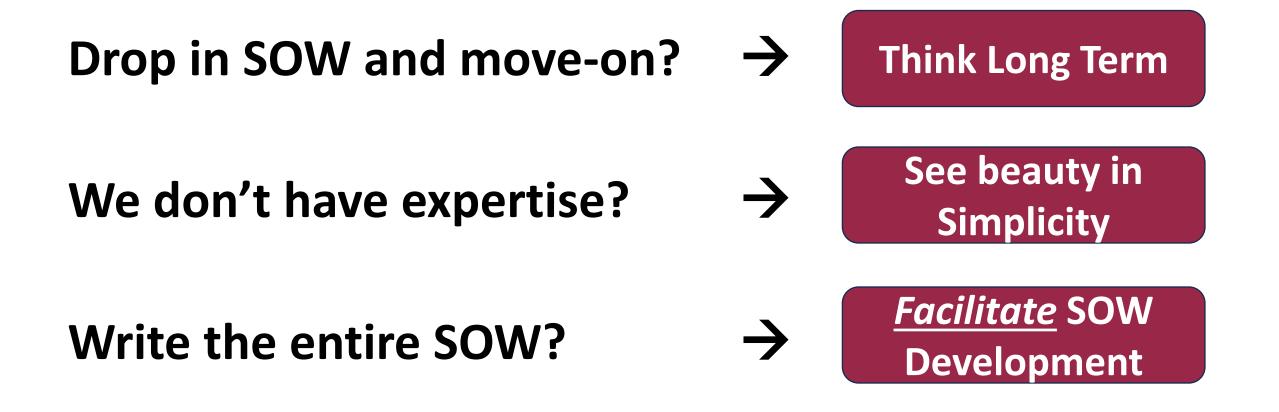
How often do we... drop in the SOW and move on?

#### Do we feel like we may have no expertise?

#### Asked to write the entire SOW? [and then get it done yesterday?]



#### Some answers?





# We Want to be seen as a "Client of Choice!"



## 1) Prepare & Advertise



**Request for Proposal** 



#### Information Technology (IT) Software Implementation Template

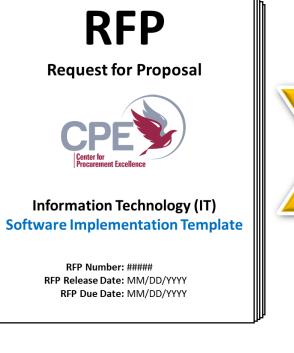
RFP Number: ##### RFP Release Date: MM/DD/YYYY RFP Due Date: MM/DD/YYYY

#### **Procurement Process**





## Vendors Submit Responses

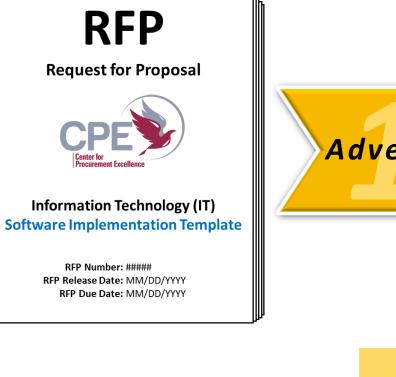


#### **Procurement Process**





## 2) Evaluate Responses

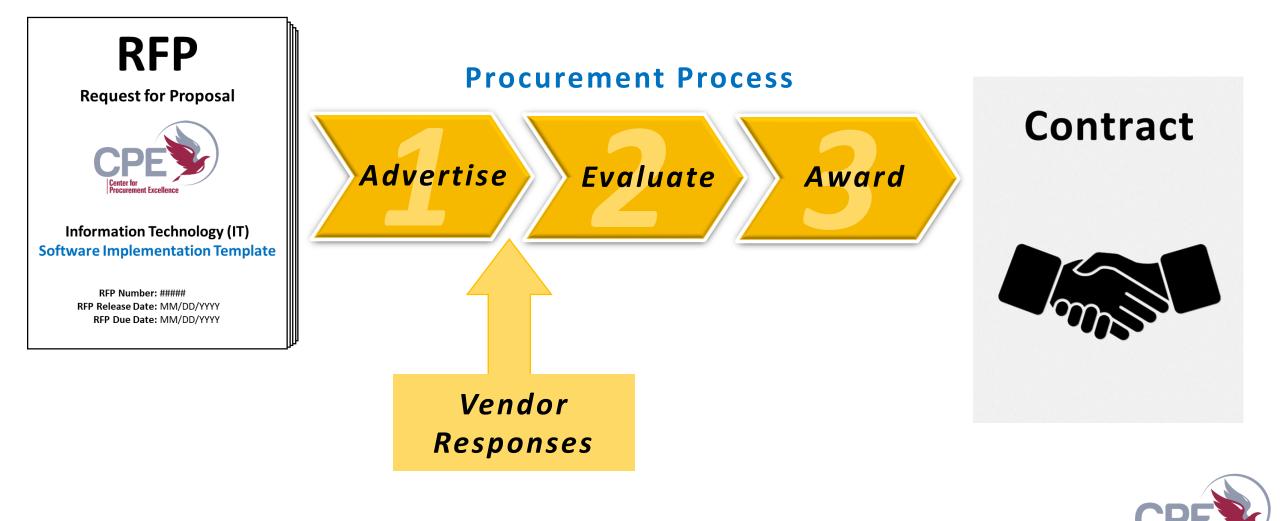


#### **Procurement Process**





## 3) Award Contract



Procuremen

#### **Solicitation Contents**

Solicitation

Contents

Section 1Scope of WorkSection 2Evaluation Criteria and ProceduresSection 3Administrative RequirementsSection 4Submittal Forms & Exhibits

#### 1) Statement of Work

- 2) Evaluation Criteria & Procedures
- 3) Administrative Requirements

#### 4) Submittal Forms & Exhibits







#### **Industry Acronyms**





# 3 Types of Solicitations Based On Award Factors



## **3 Solicitation Award Factors**

1. Award based on **Cost only** 



2. Award based on **Qualifications only** 

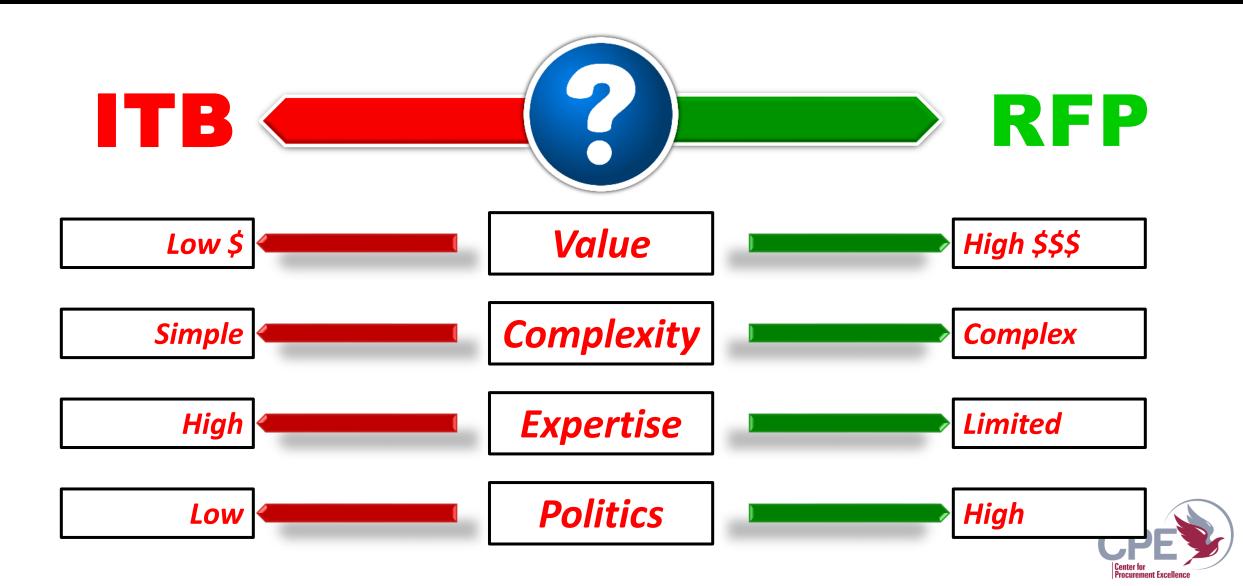


3. Award based on **Cost & Qualifications** 





## **Consider 4 Project 'Traits'**





#### See handouts section



#### **5 Foundations of RFP Excellence**

CPE supports these 5 Foundations of RFP Excellence in all procurement processes as they enable organizations to become a "Client of Choice" and attract High-Performing Vendors across their entire project portfolio

#### Fair: provide all vendors with an equal opportunity to win

#### **Highlighted Practices from CPE:**

- Protect the good of the public and the organization
- Follow a realistic procurement schedule
- Minimize bias in evaluations

#### **Open: encourage & maximize competition**

#### **Highlighted Practices from CPE:**

Reduce "upstream" restrictions on who can propose

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- Fair
- Open
- Transparent
- Value
- Integrity



- Fair: provide all vendors with an equal opportunity to win.
- Open
- Transparent
- Value
- Integrity



## Fair: Equal Opportunity to Win

#### Perceptions of Owner being Unfair or Unequal

- Pre-Conceived
- Restrictive
- Too Fast
- Unrealistic
- Too Much
- Biased
- Misunderstands Needs
- Discourages Vendors!

#### Impact

- Fewer proposals
- Lower quality proposals
- Less qualified teams
- Less competitive pricing
- Less consistent pricing
- Open to interpretation
- Have to believe the vendor
- Brings Risk to the Project!



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- Open
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- Fair: provide all vendors with an equal opportunity to win.
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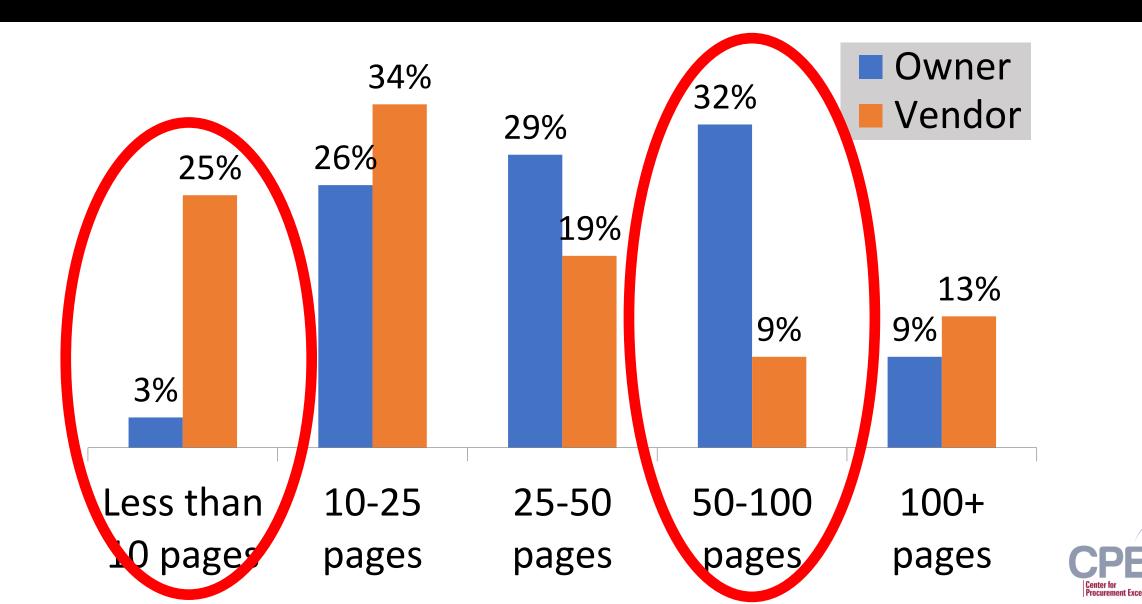
## **Open:** Encourage and Maximize Competition

# Who knows the <u>most</u> about delivering the required services?

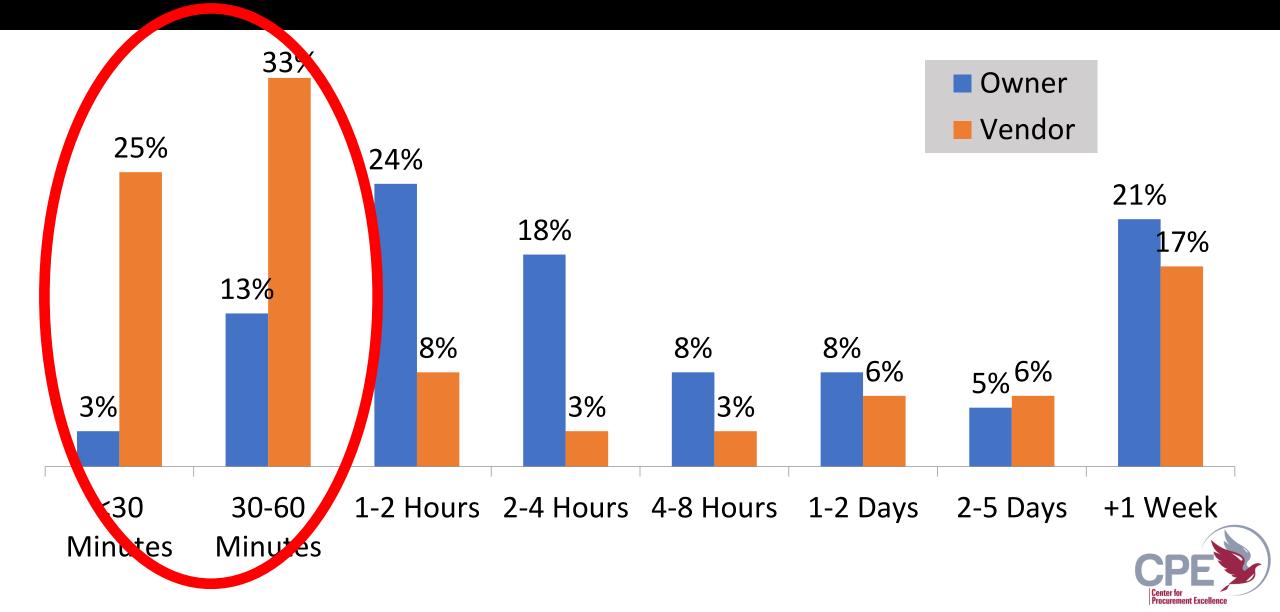




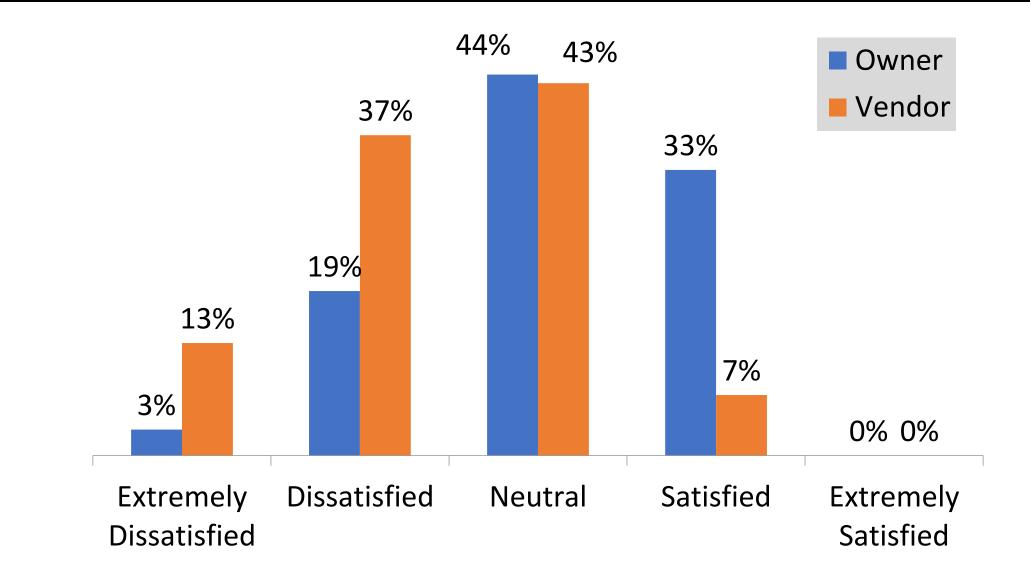
#### **Average Proposal Size**



## **Proposal Evaluation Time**



#### Satisfaction: Proposals / Solicitations





- Fair: provide all vendors with an equal opportunity to win.
- Open: encourage and maximize competition.
- Transparent
- Value
- Integrity



- Fair: provide all vendors with an equal opportunity to win.
- **Open:** encourage and maximize competition.
- Transparent: provide a clear, concise & accurate process.
- Value
- Integrity



## Transparent: Clear, Concise, and Accurate

#### **Highlighted Practices from CPE:**

• <u>Clear</u>: release your budget and schedule constraints.

• <u>Concise</u>: define what you want (with maximum limits).

• <u>Accurate</u>: seek to maximize differentiation.



- Fair: provide all vendors with an equal opportunity to win.
- **Open:** encourage and maximize competition.
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- Value
- Integrity



- Fair: provide all vendors with an equal opportunity to win.
- **Open:** encourage and maximize competition.
- Transparent: provide a clear, concise & accurate process.
- Value: optimize the organization's return for the spend.
- Integrity



## Value: Optimal Return for the Spend

# Low-Bid and **Overly Price-Focused RFPs** both squeeze out value and increase change orders.



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- **Open:** encourage and maximize competition.
- Transparent: provide a clear, concise & accurate process.
- Value: optimize the organization's return for the spend.
- Integrity



- Fair: provide all vendors with an equal opportunity to win.
- **Open:** encourage and maximize competition.
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- Value: optimize the organization's return for the spend.
- Integrity: ensure confidence & trust with high ethical standards.



## Integrity: Ensure Confidence and Trust





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# Our RFP

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Mike Olbinski

# Importance of a High-Performing RFP

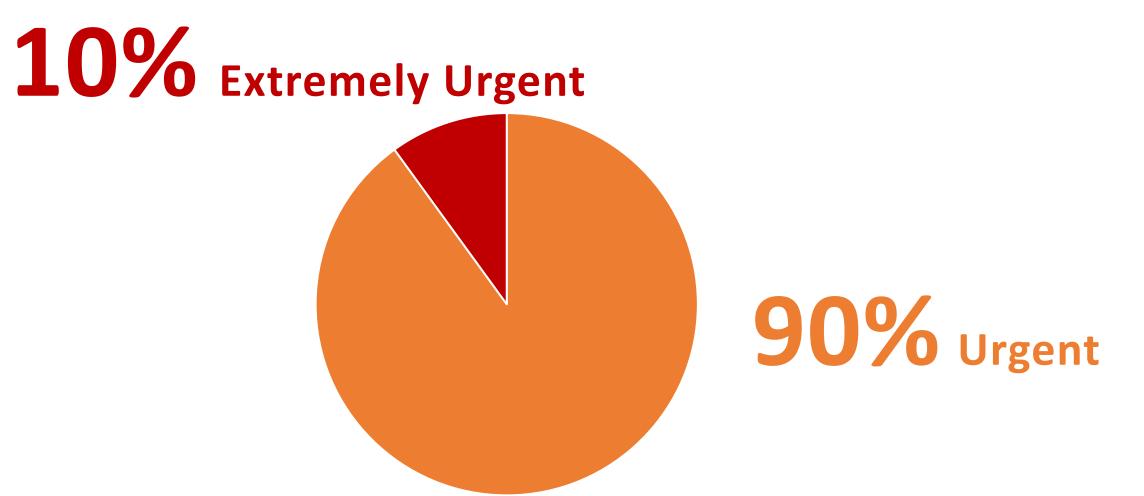
#### RFPs are a direct reflection of your organization and project.

#### Is your RFP...

- Organized vs. Scattered?
- Professional vs. "Thrown Together"
- Easy-to-Follow vs. Confusing?
- Tailored vs. Recycled?
- High-Performing vs. "Same Old"?



### **All Procurements Are Urgent!**





# What can we do to move procurement into light speed?

## **Common Things that Slow Down Procurement**

- Poor quality Statement of Work.
- Procedural items that are "clunky" or poorly coordinated.
- Lack of commitment from users, evaluators, and/or executives.
- Lack of clarity on what (and how) to evaluate.
- Large volume of proposal materials.
- Lack of interest from high-performing vendors.









Organize & Simplify a **High-Performing RFP** for every Industry Sector and Project Type





RFP Number: ##### RFP Release Date: MM/DD/YYYY RFP Due Date: MM/DD/YYYY

#### Keep In Mind:

# Different Projects require Different RFP Specifics.

### Yet the RFP **Structure & Organization** can remain the same!





**Software Implementation Template** 

RFP Number: ##### RFP Release Date: MM/DD/YYYY RFP Due Date: MM/DD/YYYY

### Why is this Important?

Your RFP is a "first view" for the **Vendor Community** 

The RFP structure & content drives the RFP outcome!



# What can we do to move procurement into LIGHT speed?



RFP

**Request for Proposal** 



Information Technology (IT) Software Implementation Template

> RFP Number: ##### RFP Release Date: MM/DD/YYYY RFP Due Date: MM/DD/YYYY

#### **Goal: Organize a High-Performing RFP**

- Easy to determine what to submit
- Avoid disqualification
- Highly organized and professional
- Simple and fast for vendors to review
- Less frustrating



# RFP

#### **Request for Proposal**



#### Information Technology (IT) Software Implementation Template

RFP Number: ##### RFP Release Date: MM/DD/YYYY RFP Due Date: MM/DD/YYYY



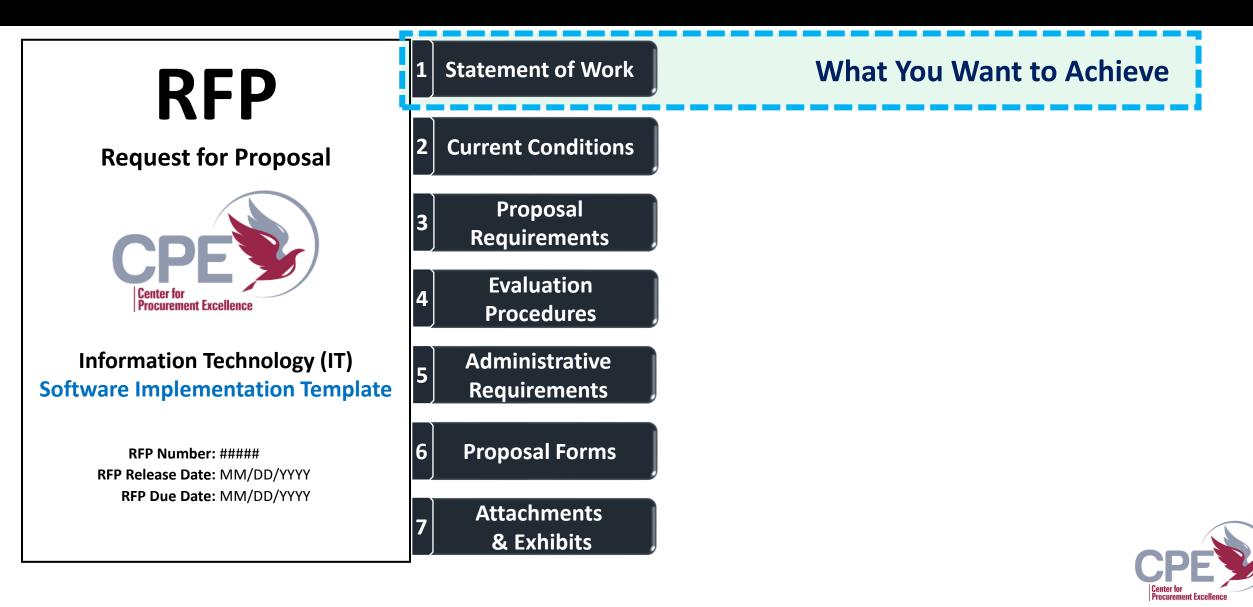
REP Request for Proposal

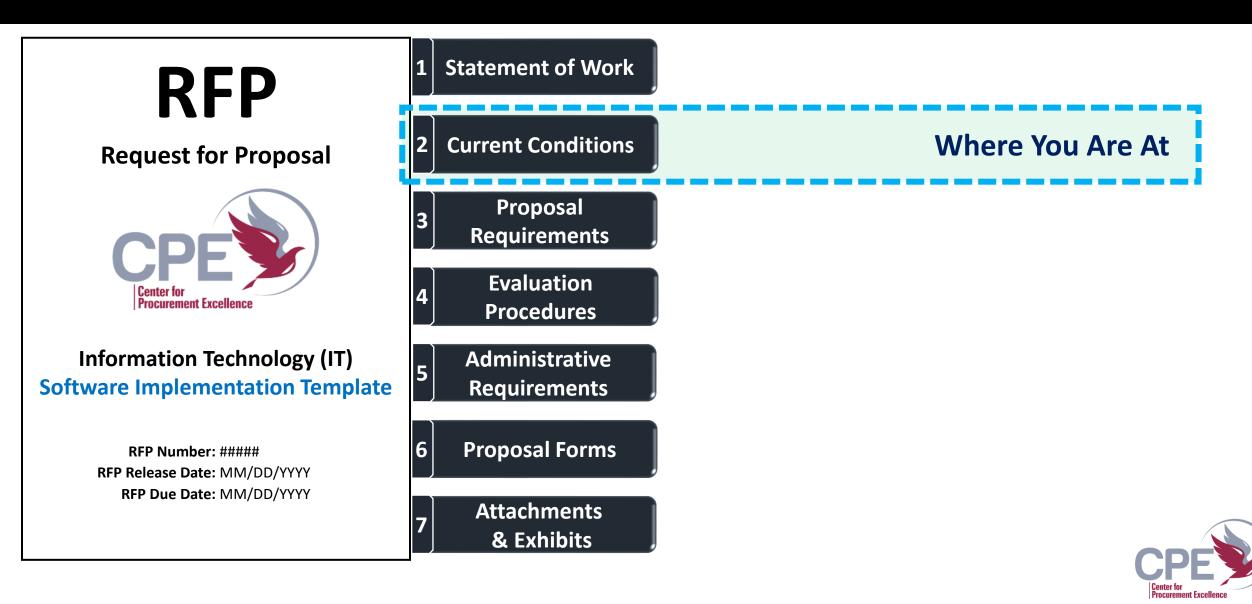
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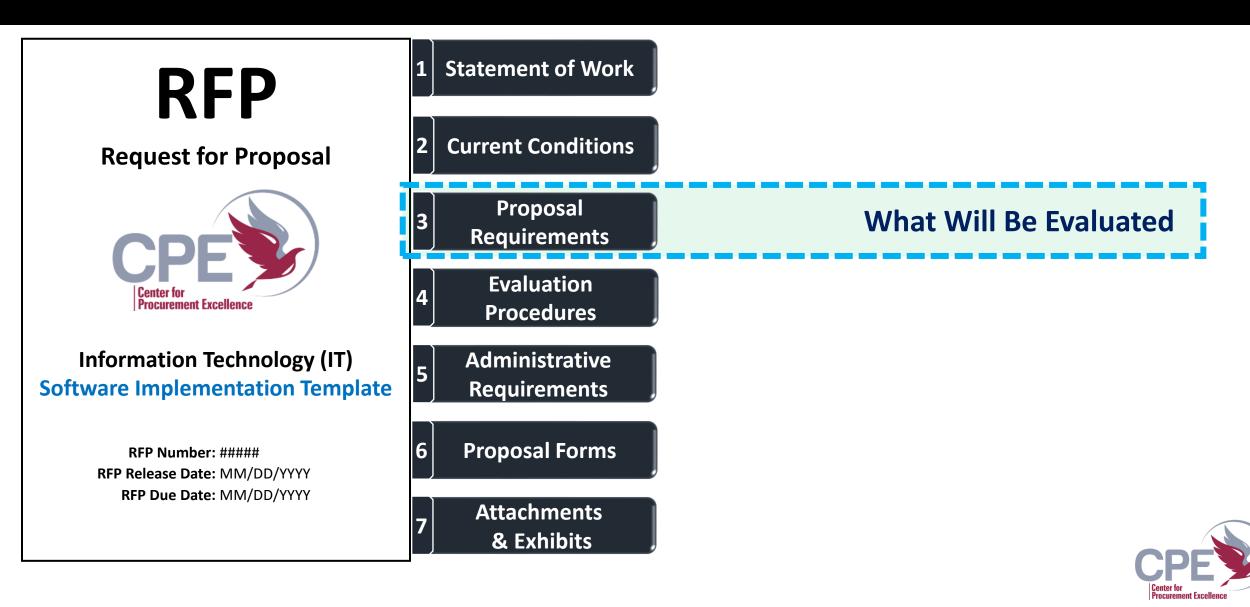
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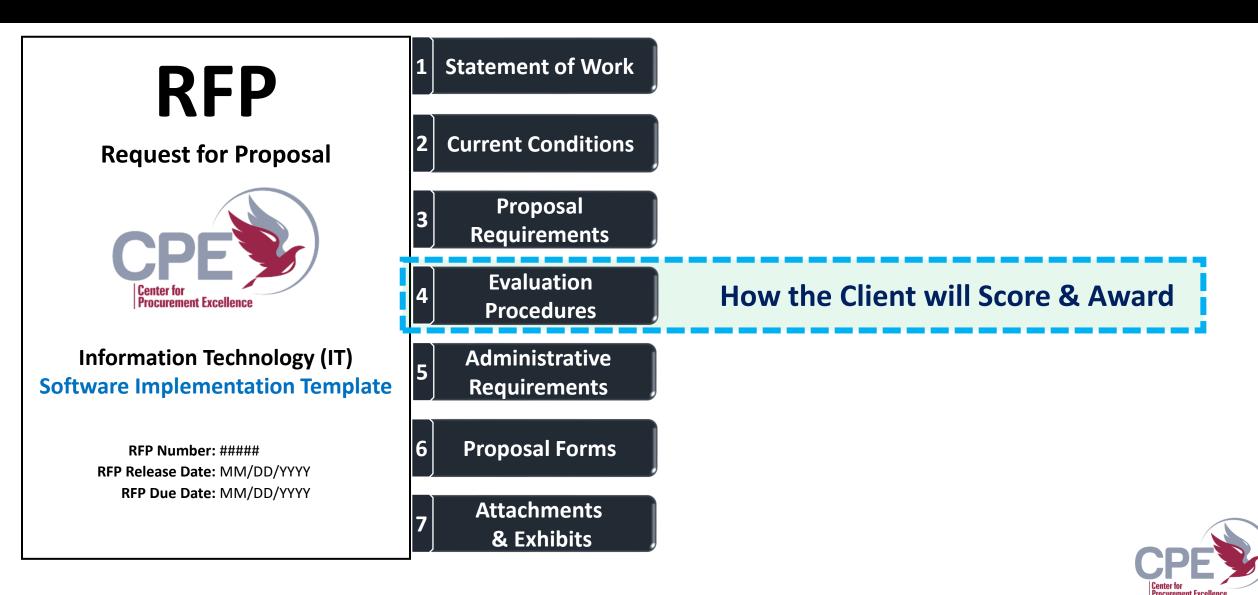
1	Statement of Work
2	Current Conditions
3	Proposal Requirements
4	Evaluation Procedures
5	Administrative Requirements
6	Proposal Forms
7	Attachments & Exhibits

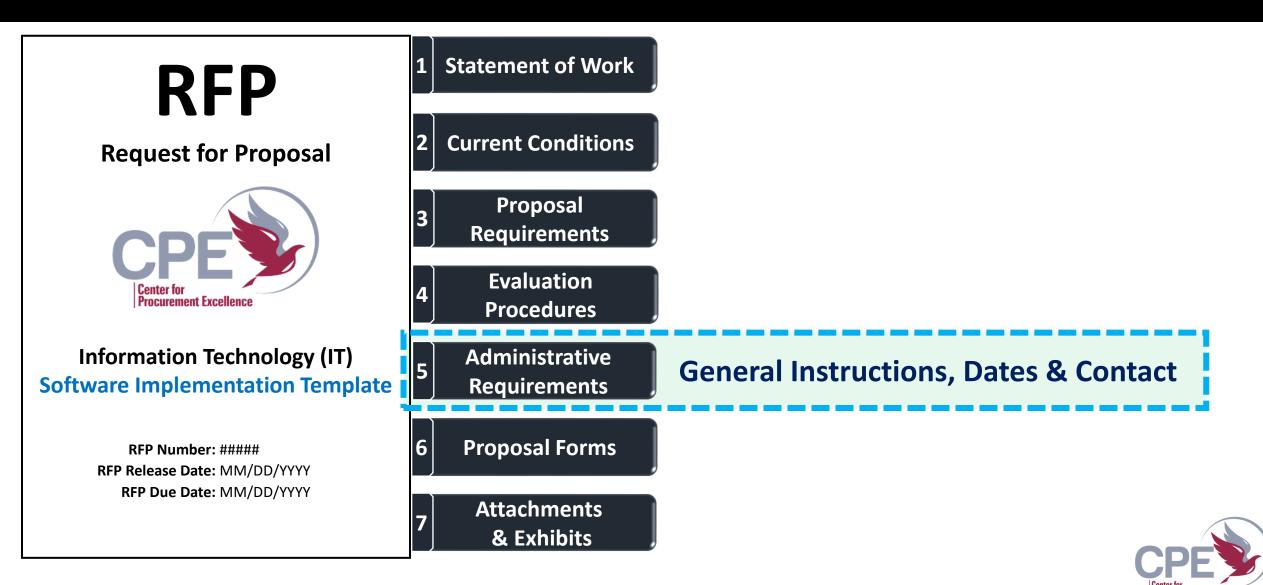


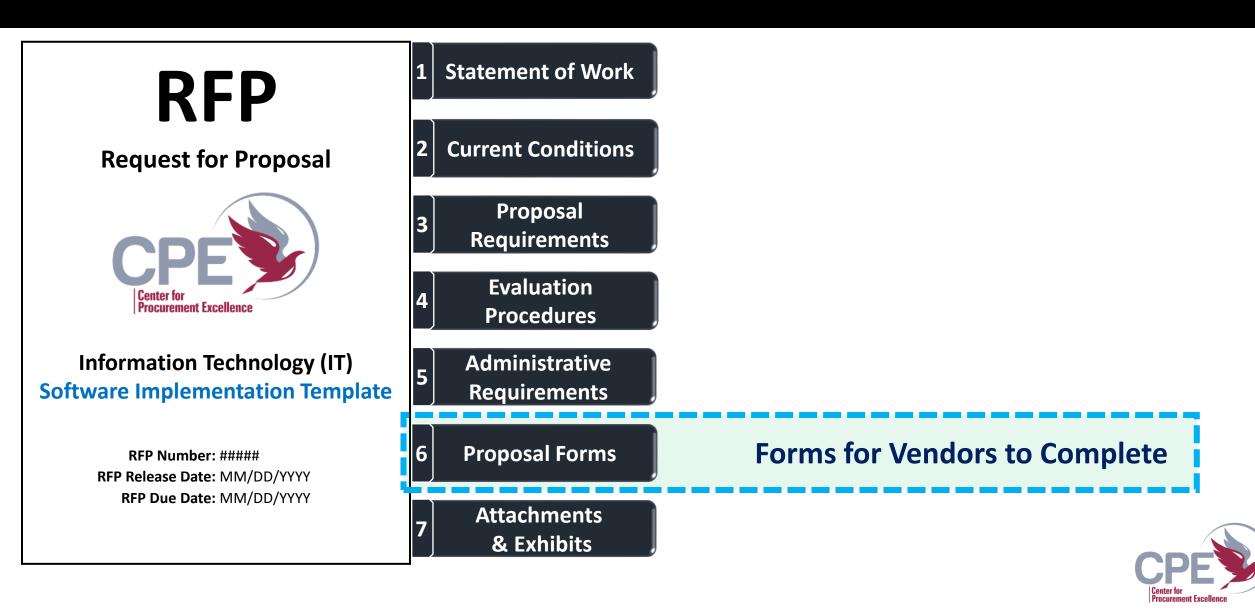


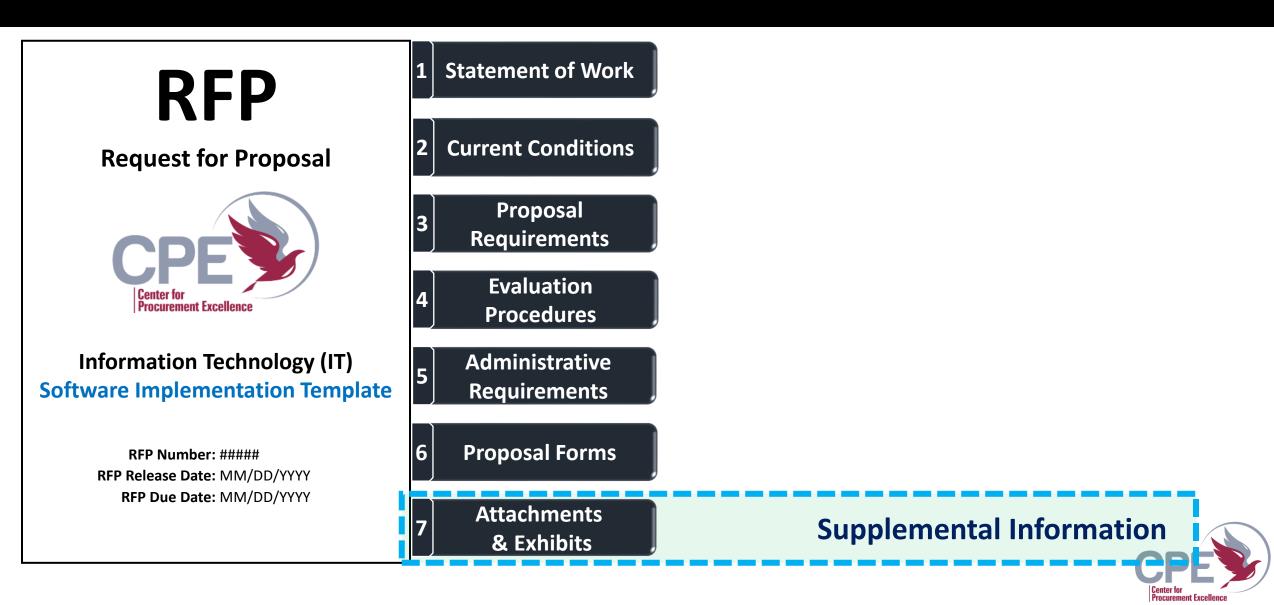


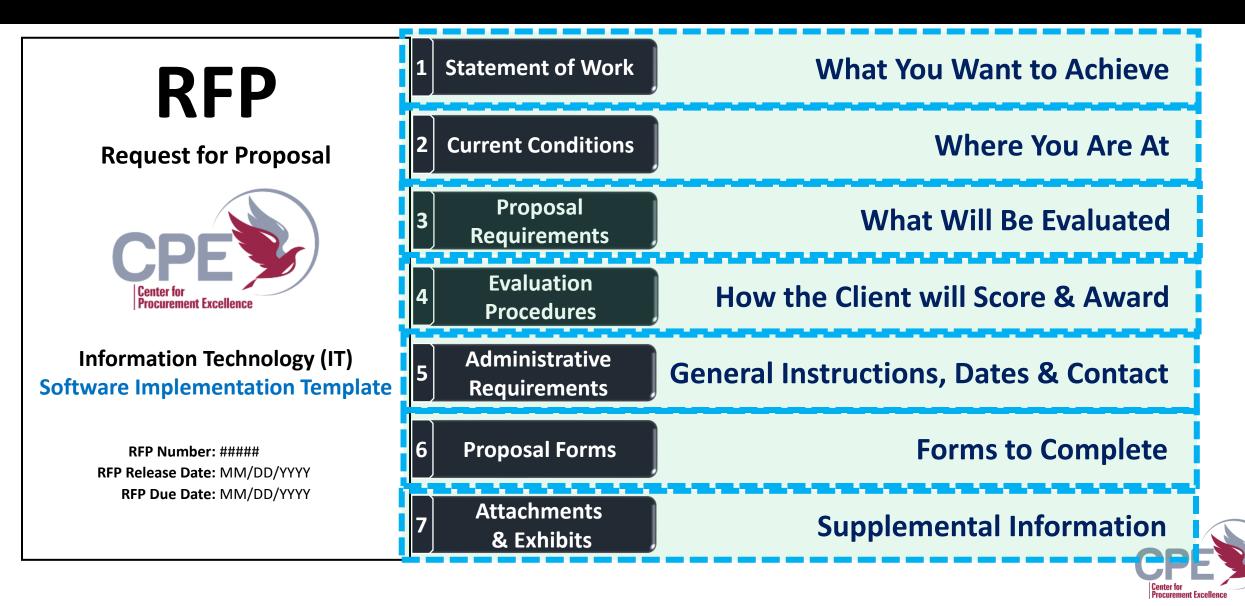












#### High-Performing RFPs for Every Project Type CPE's Expertise Includes...

- Information Technology
  - Typical Software Implementation
  - Major Software Implementation (ERP, etc.)
  - System Integrator
  - Hardware
  - Organizational Change Management
  - Professional Services
- Facility Management & Operations
  - Food/Dining Services
  - Janitorial/Custodial
  - Waste Hauling/Waste Management
  - Operations & Maintenance

e.g. MEP/HVAC, Elevators, Safety Valves, Pest Control, Cold Beverage/Pouring Rights, Snow Removal, AMI, Underground Locates, Wireless Telecom, Furniture, Cleaning Products, Security, Landscape, Parking, etc.

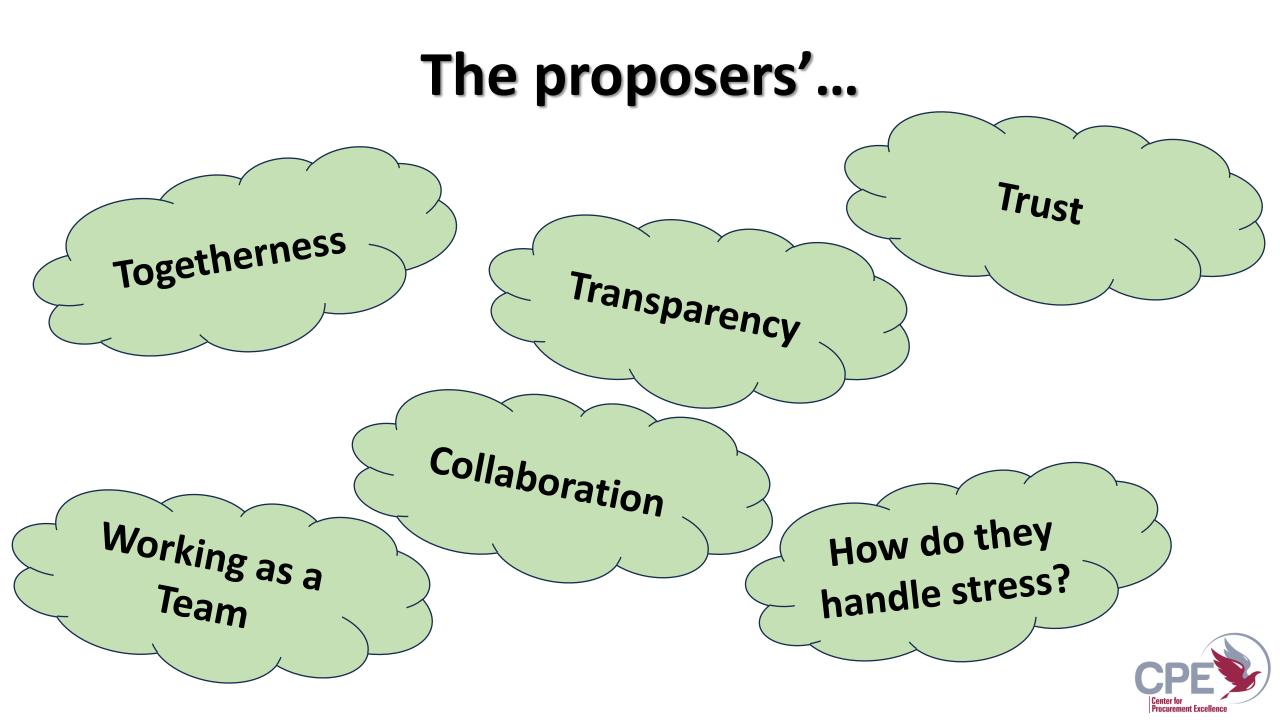
- Business & Professional Services
  - General Business Services

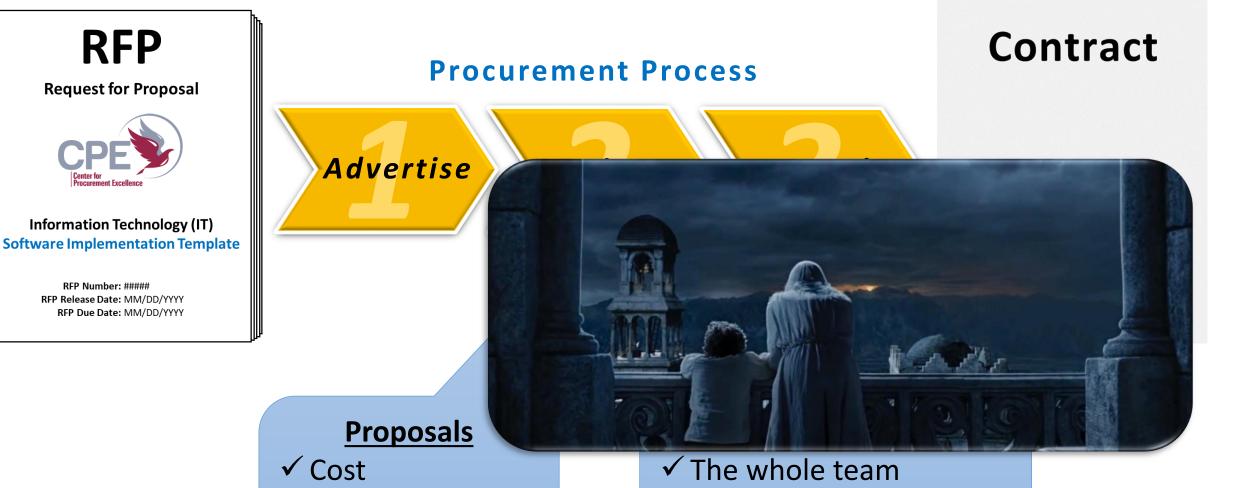
e.g. Audio-Visual, Audit, Banking, Bookstore, Customs, Insurance, Marketing, Medical, Moving, Pensions, Printing, etc.

#### Design & Construction

- Architecture/Engineering Services
- D-B-B General Contractor
- D-B-B Construction Roofing
- Design-Build (DB)
- Construction Manager at Risk (CMAR)
- Public-Private-Partnership (P3)
- IDIQ / JOC / On-Call / VoR / Standing Order







✓ Work plan ✓ Schedule ✓ References

- ✓ Individuals
- ✓ Maybe demonstrations
- ✓ Typically 'free flowing'



## What are some examples of this?

- Give a fake scenario, and ask them to work as a team to solve the problem
- Present different options, and ask them how they would respond... as a team
- "Has the team worked together before...?"





## What is the purpose of the interview?

#### **Collect information on <u>individual expertise</u>**



### The challenge

# How do you put "team collaborativeness" into your source selection plan?

# How would you publicly defend that this is OK to do? How is it justifiable?

[ANSWER: It's not]



## Solution

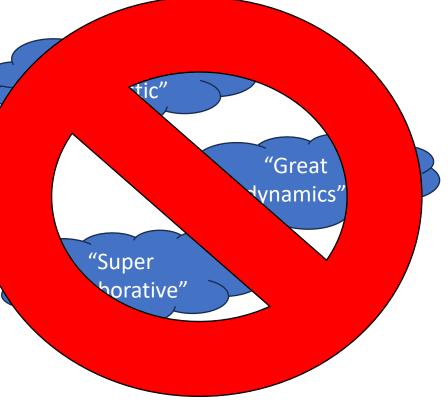
#### 1) Train your evaluators... on what to NOT do

#### Evaluation Scores for Proposal Form D-1 - Approach & Methodology

#### Instructions Given to Proposers:

Submittal D-1 is intended for Proposers to provide a concise synopsis of the critical steps (phases, activities, tasks, milestones, deliverables) that will be undertaken to meet or exceed the CLIENT's expectations (cost, schedule, scope, performance, delivery, quality, functionality, etc.) Additionally, Proposers have the option to include a 1-page schedule.

Submittal	Evaluation Score	Pros / Strengths	Cons / Weaknesses
Proposer A			
Proposer B			
Proposer C			
Proposer D			
Proposer E			
Proposer F			
Proposer G			
Proposer H			
Proposer I			
ease list questions Questions Interview *and/or Demos	for 1. 2. 3. 4	r stage of the evaluation process	







# Solution cont'd

#### 2) Don't waste experts' time

- Made up scenarios are condescending... don't yield insights... highly inauthentic
- -We want to know what THEIR plan is for our project

#### I can't throw it in for you...

#### BUT I CAN THROW YOU!

# Solution cont'd

3) It's just a faulty notion... in a given amount of time, when everyone is really busy, it is impossible for evaluators to FAIRLY evaluate what they see, or to make a good judgement call on "team dynamics"







# Focus on things that will your evaluators make a <u>clear</u> distinction



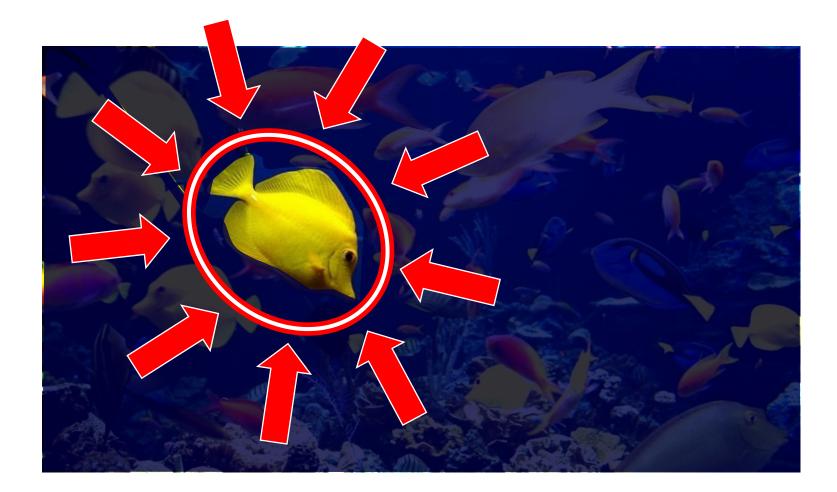
"We're really disappointed to be here today" "This is going to be one of our least important projects"

### **Always Remember...Vendors Have Options!**





## You Want To Look More Attractive Than All Other Current Owners!!!





## If You Look Dangerous....





## What is a Client of Choice?

- Vendors want to propose on your project...
  - -With their best people
  - -In a thoughtful manner
  - -With their most competitive pricing
- Internal Clients see RFPs as a Value-Creator...
  - -Bring innovation
  - -Identify the best approach
  - -Bring solutions to minimize risk in execution





# Putting "RFP Excellence" into Practice





**Center for Procurement Excellence** 

# FORM-5520°

Request For Proposal Roofing Services

<<INSERT ORGANIZATION NAME>> <<INSERT PROJECT NAME>>



### SECTION 1 STATEMENT OF WORK

#### 1.1 PROJECT SUMMARY

The Owner is soliciting proposals for (insert 1 sentence that briefly describes the scope of work. Try to describe at a very high-level and avoid any technical language or specifics. Should be brief and explain the goods or services sought or a summary of the problem to be addressed. Note that the project details / technical requirements will be described in a later portion of this Section). Include the estimated roof area to be roofed (i.e. 50,000 SF)

#### 1.2 BUDGET

Clearly define any financial constraints or expectations that you have. Such as: The construction budget for this Project is \$XXX,XXX or the estimated spend for this Project is \$XXX,XXX

#### 1.3 SCHEDULE

Clearly define any schedule constraints or expectations that you have for the project. Note: this is not the procurement schedule requirements, but the post award schedule requirements. Is there a required date that the Project must begin on, or date that the roof must be completed by? Are there any special dates or times that the vendor should be aware of (normal business hours, after hours, support, emergencies, planned shut downs, holidays, days that vendor is not allowed to work, project opening ceremony, etc.) If there is a mandatory completion date, you must identify is it more important to meet the budget constraints or the schedule constraints (you must pick one as more important than the other – they cannot be equally important)

#### 1.4 PROJECT LOCATION

Identify where the project will be located. Provide a map/sketch. If possible, identify potential staging areas, parking, critical areas that cannot be impacted, etc.

#### 1.5 GOALS

- What is the driving force/need for having this project/service procured?
- Consider if your goal is only to install a roofing system, or are you looking to waterproof your building (minimize leaks) for the longest period of time, for the best cost
- Describe what problems, issues, obstacles, challenges that you are facing now, which you are trying to solve with this procurement
- Identify the major goals, expectations, objectives, or benefits of the new project.



### SECTION 2 CURRENT CONDITIONS

PURPOSE: Paint a picture of your current environment so the Offerors know where you are at, what issues you are currently attempting to solve, and what they may encounter when addressing the Statement of Work. This information will help Offerors minimize their contingency costs by better understanding your current environment.

#### 2.1 ABOUT THE OWNER

Provide a brief / high level overview about the Owner, Agency, Department, or Organization. Consider identifying the major goals of the organization or mission statement (if this is a Public Agency, provide brief overview of who the Agency serves). If applicable, provide any background information about the client/user that is purchasing this roofing project.

#### 2.2 KNOWN SITE & BUILDING CONDITIONS

Provide all known existing conditions about the building, site, users, etc. This can include:

- Identify the location of current building that will be roofed
- Identify if there are any constraints, issues, or challenges with this location
- Identify if there is anything that makes this location unique (that contractors might not be used to or might not have encountered in the past)



#### 3.1 DATE AND TIME REQUIREMENTS

All proposal packages MUST be received before the date and time indicated in the Procurement Schedule in Section 1 ("Proposal Due Date"). Late submittals will not be accepted or considered. It is the responsibility of the Offeror to ascertain any additional security requirements with respect to packaging and delivery to the Owner. Offerors should be mindful of any potential delays due to security screening procedures, weather, connectivity issues, or other delays whether foreseeable or unforeseeable. Failure to submit a response before the Proposal Due Date will result in disqualification of the Proposal.

#### 3.2 GENERAL FORMAT

All materials submitted SHALL become a part of the proposal, and may be incorporated in a subsequent contract between the Owner and the selected Offeror. All responses/submittals to this RFP SHALL be made in accordance with the format outlined below. Failure to submit in the requested format or failure to submit all the required forms may cause a proposal to be deemed non-responsive. The format for the proposal includes the following:

- Shall be written in the English language
- Submitted on standard 8 ½" x 11" paper size using the format that is specified and required in this RFP and each Submittal Form.
- Use Arial or Calibri font, and must have a minimum font size of 10.

#### 3.3 SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

<<Identify if the Proposal will be submitted via Hardcopy, Online Electronically, or both>> For Example:

The Offeror SHALL submit one (1) hardcopy proposal package. The proposal package SHALL contain two (2) separate and sealed envelopes, and a USB data stick containing the following information:

ENVELOPE 1: Contains Submittal Form A-G ENVELOPE 2: Contains only Submittal Form H (Cost Proposal) USB Data Stick: Containing an electronic copy of the hardcopy proposal response

CPE Center for Procurement Excellence

The proposal package SHALL be submitted in a sealed package containing the two separate envelopes. The Cost Proposal MUST be submitted in a separate sealed envelope within the proposal package (as noted above). The proposal should be stapled together or bound in a three-ring binder. Please do not bind the proposals in any

#### SPECIAL FORMATTING REQUIREMENTS

The Offeror MUST ensure that their Proposal meets all of the special formatting requirements identified in this Section. This includes requirements regarding anonymity and maximum page limits.

**Anonymity:** The Submittal Forms listed below MUST NOT contain any names that can be used to identify who the Offeror is (such as company names, company letterhead, personnel names, project names, contractor names, architect names, engineer names, subcontractor names, subconsultant names, manufacturer or supplier names, or product names).

**Page Limits:** The Submittal Forms listed below have maximum page limit requirements. Offerors MUST NOT exceed the maximum page limits. Note, the page limit applies to the front side of a page only (for example, '1 Page' implies that the Offeror can only provide a response on one side of a piece of paper).

**Cost Information:** Cost information shall only be contained within Submittal Form I. No other document or Submittal Form may contain cost or fee information

Submittal Form	Anonymous Document	Maximum Page Limits
Submittal Form A – Offeror Background		
Submittal Form B – Project Approach	YES	1
Submittal Form C – Narrative Proposal Items	<b>YES</b>	2
Submittal Form D – Narrative Proposal Items as Needed	<b>YES</b>	<mark>2</mark>
Submittal Form E – Past Performance Questionnaires		
Submittal Form F – Roofing Warranty Analysis		
Submittal Form G – Schedule Proposal		
Submittal Form H – Cost Proposal		







## **Key Learning Points**

• A great RFP is crucial in becoming a <u>Client of Choice</u>.

Project success means we think about the long term

• Learnable skills that can be put directly into practice.

Selection criteria that help you <u>quickly differentiate</u>

